

Edmonton Bulletin.

VOL. VII.

EDMONTON, ALBERTA, SATURDAY, MARCH 27TH, 1886.

No. 21.

TELEGRAPHIC.

WINNIPEG, March 26, 1886.

Seeding has commenced in the Brandon district.

Two Crees of Poundmaker's band are to be liberated.

Paranteau a Batoche half-breed has been released from prison.

New parliament buildings for Ontario are to be constructed this year.

The capital stock of the Cochrane ranch company is to be reduced one half.

Steamer Alert will be sent to Hudson's Bay this season to continue explorations.

The rebellion claims commission has reached Prince Albert and commenced work.

Capt. Dickens is to receive a gratuity of a year's pay and to retire from the mounted police.

Detective Mackenzie of Winnipeg, against whom charges were preferred recently, has resigned.

Winnipeg soldiers will observe the anniversary of the battle of Foh creek by decorating the graves of the fallen.

The Winnipeg disallowance deputation has been refused a hearing. A good deal of excitement in consequence.

The British troops lately defeated 4,000 Burmese, killing sixty and capturing many prisoners and guns and a number of elephants.

The Abyssinian troops sent by king John to relieve the garrison at Kassala have fought a battle with the hostile Arabs near that place. The Arabs were defeated and 550 killed.

The debate at Ottawa on Landry's motion was concluded yesterday, when the motion was defeated by a vote of 146 to 52; majority for the government 94. A number of liberals voted with the majority.

An exciting scene took place in the Manitoba legislature over the Hudson's Bay railway debate. An amendment was moved by Norquay explaining that his action did not mean that he opposed the immediate construction of the road. It was carried.

The Cunard steamship Oregon when approaching New York on Friday the 19th inst. was run into by a schooner and immediately sank. All the freight and mails, excepting mails for Manitoba and the North-West which were found on Monday, were lost but, no lives. The loss is estimated at over a million dollars.

Long debate on the disallowance of local railway legislation in the Manitoba legislature yesterday. An amendment to Greenway's motion moved by Norquay, was adopted. It expressed the belief that the local act would not be disallowed and that it gave all the power necessary. The royal commission appointed to investigate the charges against Norquay held its first session on Saturday.

Queen Victoria attended the laying of the corner stone of the new examination hall of the College of Surgeons, Thames embankment yesterday and was favorably received. Some excitement was caused by the action of a man who forced his way through the crowd and threw something into the carriage, supposed to be a petition. The man was a discharged soldier and was mentally deranged.

WINNIPEG, March 26, 1886.

In the vote on the Landry motion in parliament nineteen blue bolters, with Mackenzie, Cartwright and many liberals voted with the government.

Judge Taylor of Winnipeg has been commissioned to report upon the difficulties between Judge Travis and the people of Calgary. In the meantime Travis will not exercise his judicial functions.

REGINA, March 26, 1886.

Weather cold and clear.

No news of new telegraph lines yet.

Rumored that the police force is to be largely increased.

A troop of mounted police, commanded by Supt. Gagnon, 75 men, are under orders for Battleford.

Perley, Wilson and Ross have just returned from Ottawa and are being banqueted to-night at the Lansdown hotel.

Rumored that the Manitoba South-Western will be pushed forward to the north immediately, crossing the C.P.R. at Regina.

BATTLEFORD, March 26, 1886.

No judge and consequently no court last week.

Several brigades of carts are off to Swift Current for freight.

Supt. McDonnell will visit the Battle river reserves and Inspector Morris those at Onion Lake.

Soldiers serving in regular or irregular corps in the suppression of the rebellion last

spring are to be allowed to count the time on their claims.

Poundmaker and several of his councillors got home last night under escort of Rev. Father Bigonnesse. They came by way of Qu'Appelle and Batoche.

LOCAL.

WINTER lingers in the lap of spring.

M. McKINNON left for Calgary by stage.

MEETING of the agricultural society this afternoon.

MR. AND MRS. J. A. Youmans left for Morley on Monday.

S. CUNNINGHAM has gone out to repair the Battle river bridge.

RUMORED that Judge Roleau will hold court here on April 14th next.

J. KELLY expects to commence sawing lumber at his limit in about two weeks.

F. PROVOST is building flat-boats with which to take produce down the river.

A DETACHMENT of police about ten strong were transferred to Ft. Saskatchewan on Friday.

THE police require 70,000 pounds of oats in addition to the 82,000 pounds contracted for in October last. Long may they wave.

TUESDAY was quite stormy and about two inches of snow fell. The weather was not cold.

C. STEWART shipped 2,000 pounds of fur to Calgary with W. Fielders' team on Tuesday evening.

K. A. MacLeod left for up the river on Tuesday to build flat-boats for Smith & Smith and E. Richardson.

BORWICK & McLEOD threshed 14,000 bushels of grain this season; about 4,000 of wheat and 5,000 each of barley and oats.

STAGE arrived on Monday evening on wheels, with four horses; W. McInnes driver; roads bad, no passengers.

E. RICHARD has secured all the produce he requires to fill his contract with the police at Battleford at satisfactory rates.

JAS. PRUDEN of Beaver lake was in town last week. Bare ground and prairie fires running in that region since Feb. 4th.

THE Winnipeg Commercial says that "H. C. Wilson, M. D. and druggist, Edmonton, has disposed of his premises to P. Daly & Co."

INDIANS in the Victoria agency are now receiving rations. There have been few if any complaints in the Edmonton agency this winter.

DR. MUNRO left for Riviere QuiBarre and Lac Ste Anne yesterday to vaccinate the Indians in these localities. He accompanied W. Anderson Indian agent.

THE Toronto News publishes a rumor that the present session of parliament will be short and unimportant and that the general election will be brought on in August.

J. R. MATHESON'S horses and harness brought \$146 at the sale on Saturday last. R. Logan was the purchaser. Some household effects belonging to W. Robertson were also sold at the same time.

D. M. McDONNELL'S lumber gang came down from the woods on Saturday last, having taken out 3,717 logs and the necessary boom timber and travases since Feb. 15th. The logs were taken out on J. Kelly's limit.

A RUMOR is current in town that the offices of lieutenant governor of the North-West and Indian commissioner are to be divided. Mr. Dewdney getting another term as lieutenant governor and hon. Joseph Royal, M. P. for Provencher, Manitoba, becoming Indian Commissioner.

SUBJECT for debate at the Literary Club next Thursday night is "Resolved that there is no conflict between capital and labor." Affirmative, Messrs. Robert Strachan, John A. McDougall and W. H. Carson. Negative, Messrs. Alex. Taylor, M. McCauley and T. B. Henderson.

SOME weeks ago a proclamation from the Indian commissioner arrived here, to the effect that no more arrests would be made in connection with the late rebellion, that the Indians would not be disarmed, that they would be amply provided with seed grain, and that they need not be afraid of the flying column—an unnecessary caution.

LAST spring the militia supply officer here kicked against paying farmers \$1.50 per bushel for oats. The public accounts show that at Qu'Appelle the figure paid was \$2.50, while \$50 a ton was the modest amount paid Leeson & Scott for 166 tons of hay, against \$23 a ton at Edmonton. At Brandon, oats were bought at 25 cts. and hay at \$11 a ton.

UNDER the Torrens registration act lately introduced in parliament provision is made for only four registrars for the territories; two for Assiniboia and one each for Alberta and Saskatchewan. This does not necessarily mean that any of the present offices will be closed or that the number will not be increased, but merely that the local offices shall be managed by deputies.

THE petition against the removal of the divisional headquarters of police from Edmonton received 251 signatures up to Wednesday evening. It left for Ottawa on Thursday's mail, accompanied by the minutes of the meeting from which it emanated. Forty names were secured at St. Albert. Many more names could have been secured, but it was thought better not to delay forwarding the petition.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

PRIDE OF THE WEST, part Clydesdale Stallion, imported by the undersigned last fall, will be at the service of the farmers of Edmonton and vicinity this spring. ALEX. ADAMSON.

TO LET.—On favorable terms for the coming season, an improved farm on Horse Hill Plain adjoining the Half Way House. Apply to the undersigned or at the BULLETIN office. C. CHABLE.

OFFICE OF THE CONFEDERATION LIFE ASSOCIATION, opposite the Indian agency. Orders taken for Stark's Jewelry, Watches, Silver ware, Guns, Revolvers and ammunition at catalogue prices.

NOTICE.—The undersigned are prepared to give conveyance of lots in Fort Saskatchewan upon payment to him of the balance of purchase money. Unless balance is paid by 1st May, 1886, the sales will be cancelled. LAMOREUX & MACDONALD.

NOTICE.



SEALED TENDERS, addressed to the undersigned, and endorsed "Tender for Indian Supplies," will be received up to

NOON OF TUESDAY, 20TH APRIL, 1886.

For the delivery of supplies during the fiscal year ending 30th June, 1887, consisting of Flour, Bacon, Beef, Groceries, Ammunition, Twine, Oxen, Cows, Bulls, Agricultural implements, Tools, etc., duty paid, at various points in Manitoba and the North-West Territories.

Forms of tender, giving full particulars relative to the Supplies required, dates of delivery, etc., may be had by applying to the undersigned, or to the Indian Commissioner at Regina, or to the Indian Office, Winnipeg.

Parties may tender for each description of goods (or for any portion of each description of goods) separately or for all the goods called for in the Schedules.

Each Tender must be accompanied by an accepted Cheque in favor of the Superintendent General of Indian Affairs on a Canadian Bank for at least five per cent. of the amount of the tenders for Manitoba and the North-West Territories, which will be forfeited if the party tendering declines to enter into a contract when called upon to do so, or if he fails to complete the work contracted for. If the tender be not accepted the cheque will be returned.

Tenders must make up in the money columns in the the Schedule the total money value of the goods they offer to supply or their tender will not be entertained.

Each tender must, in addition to the signature of the tenderer, be signed by two sureties acceptable to the Department, for the proper performance of the contract.

In all cases where transportation may be only partial by rail, contractors must make proper arrangements for supplies to be forwarded at once from railway stations to their destination in the Government warehouse at the point of delivery.

The lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted.

L. VANKOUGHNET,

Deputy of the Superintendent General of Indian Affairs.

Department of Indian Affairs,

Ottawa, 2nd March, 1886.

PROFESSIONAL.

W. WILSON, Dentist, Calgary, Stephen Avenue, two doors east of Skating Rink.

ROBERT STRACHAN, Barrister, Solicitor, Notary Public and Conveyancer, Edmonton, Alberta.

C. DE LAGORGENDIERE, Notary Public and Conveyancer; accounts collected. St. Albert, N. W. T. 42-y

GEORGE A. WATSON, Barrister, Conveyancer, Notary Public, etc. Law office first door east of Jasper house, Edmonton.

D. R. H. C. WILSON, Physician & Surgeon. Office first building west of school house, block 6, H.B.Co. reserve, Edmonton.

HOTELS.

KELLY'S RESTAURANT.—In rear of school. Meals at all hours. Best table in town.

JASPER HOUSE, north side of Main street. The only brick building in Edmonton. First-class weekly and daily board at reasonable rates. Good stabling in connection. J. GOODRIDGE, Proprietor.

ROYAL HOTEL, REILLY & MARTIN, Proprietors. The Royal still continues to be the leading hotel in Calgary and no expense or pains on the part of the proprietors will be spared to keep it so. Table First-Class. Public patronage respectfully solicited.

EDMONTON HOTEL, the pioneer house of entertainment west of Portage la Prairie. An extensive addition has been made to this establishment which now offers superior accommodation to my old patrons and the travelling public. A first-class billiard room. Good stabling attached. DONALD ROSS, Proprietor.

BUSINESS.

P. BYRNES.—Boots and Shoes made to order. Main Street Edmonton. Opposite BULLETIN office.

NEW BLACKSMITH SHOP.—Near Norris & Carey's store, Edmonton. Horse-shoeing and General Jobbing. Terms cash. EDMUND LYONS.

LIVERY, FEED, and SALE STABLES. Potatoes, Oats, and all kinds of Feed kept constantly on hand for sale. M. McCAULEY, Main Street, Edmonton.

W. R. R., WATCHMAKER.

Send your watches and orders to W. R. Roberts, Calgary, or leave them at the Jasper House, Edmonton.

FURNITURE.—Bed Steads, Sideboards, Washstands, Cupboards, Chairs, etc. A large stock, extra quality. To be sold off cheap for cash, to make room for new stock. X. ST. JEAN.

ROSS BROS., Tinsmiths, manufacturers of all kinds of tin, sheet iron and copper wares. Shop in new building next to J. A. McDougall & Co., Main street, Edmonton.

SANDERSON & LOOBY, General Blacksmiths. Horse-shoeing a specialty. All kinds of repairing done neatly and quickly. Shop on Main street, Edmonton.

SINCLAIR & CO. ESTATE.—All accounts due the above estate not settled before the 1st of March next will be placed in court for collection. DONALD FRASER, assignee, per W. B. ROBERTSON, receiver.

MONEY TO LOAN.

The undersigned has a limited amount of money to loan on good security.

GEO. A. WATSON.

JAMES McDONALD, Builder and Contractor. Sash and doors on hand and made to order. Plans and estimates of buildings furnished. Everything done with neatness and despatch. Office and shop, Main st. Edmonton.

THE CHATHAM MANUFACTURING CO. Makers of the celebrated Chatham Fanning Mills, Wagons, Buggies, Sleighs, and Cutters. Order through our agent, W. J. GRAHAM, Fairview Farm, Edmonton. Chatham Manufacturing Co.

THE EDMONTON BULLETIN is published every Saturday morning, at the office, Main street, Edmonton. Subscription—Two Dollars per annum. Advertising rates—Standing advertisements, two dollars a line per annum; transient advertisements, ten cents a line for first insertion and five cents a line for each subsequent insertion. **FRANK OLIVER**, proprietor.

EDMONTON BULLETIN, MARCH 27, 1886

NATURAL RESULTS.

The census returns and the report of the lands department are interesting though not pleasant reading. In 1882 it was estimated that 50,000 people entered Manitoba and the North-West Territories, in 1883 42,000, in 1884, 24,000, and in 1885 7,240. In 1882, 181,652 acres of land were homesteaded and a proportionate amount pre-empted and sold. In 1883 979,719 acres were homesteaded; in 1884 533,230 and in 1885 249,552, with 106,218 pre-empted and 123,049 sold. Since 1872 eleven million acres have been homesteaded, pre-empted and sold. The homesteads taken during that time number about 23,500. If these homesteads were all settled upon at the present time, allowing an average of three persons to each homestead, there should now be in Manitoba and the North-West a farming population of nearly 100,000, which with those engaged in other occupations and the residents of the towns would bring the total up to 150,000. Of course the numbers represented as coming into the territories would demand a larger count than this, but when the census returns come in and give a total population of 23,000 to the territories with say 47,000 in Manitoba or 70,000 in all, not much over two to each homestead counting residents in towns and members of all occupations, there is evidently a very big hole in the bellows somewhere. If it is true that in the four years from 1882 to 1885 123,000 settlers came into the North-West, as the government returns would lead us to believe, to say nothing of those who came in during the ten preceding years, and if the census returns are correct, the number leaving the country during these years must have been almost as great as that coming in, although this has been repeatedly denied on the highest authority. The disparity between the number of people who should be found on homesteads alone and the total actual population is too great to be accounted for by the second homestead theory. This might account for some of the difference; but Annanias himself could not make it cover the chasm between the 100,000 who should be on and the possible 45,000 who actually are on homesteads. The cause of the disparity must be found in something else, and that something is that men who have actually taken up homesteads have actually, as the Winnipeg Times once graphically stated it, "left the country with a curse."

A feature as unpleasant as the vacuity between the amount of population that should be and the amount actually present is that for the first time since 1872 we see four years of continuous decrease in the number of people entering the country and the number of acres homesteaded and purchased, until now in 1885, with the territories developed by railroad communication supposed to be ample for present needs we are back almost to the point touched in 1874, eleven years ago, when the railroad was 225 miles distant from even Winnipeg and the festive grasshopper had reaped his fourth consecutive harvest in the Red River Valley. During each of these four years be it remembered railroad construction has been in progress in some part of the territories, and while the farmers have not been altogether prosperous they have not suffered any disaster such as the grasshopper plague. Besides, continued experiment has shown that vast areas which in 1874 were thought to be of no account are very valuable and the range of practicable industry has been increased. Providence or the natural resources of the country have not been responsible for this falling off of interest in the North-West nor has the stoppage of emigration from the older provinces been the cause. During these four years Canadian clubs have been started in many of the principal cities of the United States, Canadian-American newspapers are published in Chicago and St. Paul; the state of Minnesota and territory of Dakota, adjoining the Canadian North-West and inferior to it in many respects, have been settling up rapidly, very largely by Canadians, and a

large Canadian population is claimed by many of the states of the union. Minnesota, Dakota and Montana, which adjoin Manitoba and the North-West claim a Canadian population of 110,000, who have mostly gone in since 1872, and certainly an equal number have gone to other states and territories during the same time.

These facts are very very unpleasant, they are very very disgraceful, but they are very very true and point to only one conclusion and that is governmental mismanagement of North-West affairs. This has been repeatedly asserted and as often denied, but the proof is in the result made plain not only by what every man in the North-West knows and feels to-day but by the reports of the government itself. The management of the North-West has been with a view to (1) Make it pay the whole cost of the C.P.R., as promised by Sir John A. Macdonald. See, the reservation for sale of town sites, of lands south of the railway, of odd sections all over the territories, and the doubling of the price of pre-emptions. (2) Make it support the manufacturing industries of the east. See, the exceptional duties on manufactured articles specially required by the North-West. (3) Make it yield direct in addition to ordinary revenue for federal purposes. See, hay, wood, pasture and timber taxes. (4) Use it as a "Dumping ground for political rubbish." See divers and sundry appointments of officials in the various departments of North-West government and management. (5) Use its undeveloped resources as a bribery fund. See, grants to colonization societies unsettled, timber limits held without work, grazing leases without stock and a monopoly of transport held by the C.P.R. without any justifying circumstances. Under such a weight is it any wonder that North-West prosperity has flattened out? The policy that has been pursued as here given is the reason that instead of the development of the country by the railway being followed by an ever increasing rate of progress as was to have been expected the rate has been steadily and rapidly decreasing. Are the people of the territories satisfied that this policy shall be continued? Are they content to sit still and grow grey headed in the wilderness while the natural overflow of their countrymen which should help to make them prosperous is turned aside to benefit their rivals south of the boundary? Or will they demand, when the opportunity is offered them that a change shall be made? It is useless now to argue that the administration of North-West matters is as liberal as that of the North-Western states. It may be but as long as the fact remains that the States are more attractive to Canadians there is something yet to be done in making the administration of North-West matters still more liberal. It should be remembered that the Canadian North-West has to contend against the prejudice naturally existing against a northerly latitude and a location distant from the markets of the world to a greater extent than have the states and territories to the south. That in order to induce the settler to pass Dakota and go further north and west equal, or superior, not inferior, inducements must be offered him; especially he must be allowed to avail himself freely of whatever superior natural advantages the country may possess as an offset to its less favorable location. That instead of extensive reserves being made it was necessary that the whole country should be left to choose from; that instead of the railway communication being placed in the hands of a monopoly it was necessary that low rates should be guaranteed, and that the Hudson's Bay route, which would bring the whole country so much nearer market should be taken up as a national work; that instead of wood and hay being taxed the pioneer should be allowed the full benefit of them; for in the abundance of these lies much of the superiority of the North-West; that instead of incompetent and self-seeking officials the best the country has should be sent to the North-West where foundations are being laid not cornices added; and above all the Canadian in the North-West, instead of being treated by his own government as of less account than an alien, should be made to feel that he is at home and that his personal rights and welfare are safe in the hands of the government instead of that he has no rights which the government is bound to respect. Had such a course as

this been followed at least 75 per cent. of the Canadians who have settled in the states during the past fourteen years would have come to the North-West, and thousands of old country people would have followed in the swim. Not ten per cent. of these would have left and the result would have been—as predicted some years ago by a prominent member of the administration—that we would now have between a quarter and a half a million people in the North-West instead of a paltry 70,000. Every man in the North-West can estimate how such a condition of affairs would affect his personal interest and judge whether he will make more by a continuance or an alteration of such a "crass and incomprehensible policy."

THE HERMITAGE SCHOOL.

Arrangements are made to receive pupils for board and instruction at the Hermitage in September. Parents wishing to secure admission for their children may at once address the Rev'd Canon Newton.

FOUND.

Two Horses—a grey and a black—between the Eye hill and the Nose. Supposed to have been astray since the fall of 1885. These horses are now in my possession and will be delivered to owners on their proving property and paying expenses.

SAM'L B. LUCAS.

COAL & BRICK.

CONSTANTLY ON HAND.

And for sale, of the

BEST QUALITY & AT LOWEST PRICE.

WANTED,

100 CORDS WOOD.

For which the highest price will be paid in cash.

Parties may tender for the whole or any portion of the above.

W. HUMBERSTONE.

BROWN & CURRY

GENERAL MERCHANTS.

Beg to inform the public that their long expected freight has arrived at last, and that they have now on hand the

LARGEST AND MOST COMPLETE STOCK

That has ever been brought into the North West.

WITHOUT EXCEPTION.

Although the rate of freight is high we pay no more than others, and as we have

NO MIDDLE MEN TO CONTEND WITH

As others have, and as our goods are all bought direct from the importers or manufacturers, and

SELECTED FROM THE BEST QUALITIES

We are able to offer

BETTER AND CHEAPER GOODS THAN

ANY OTHER FIRM IN EDMONTON.

We respectfully ask everyone to call and examine our goods before purchasing elsewhere.

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W. WILSON, Dentist, Calgary, Stephen Avenue, two doors east of Skating rink.

ROBERT STRACHAN, Barrister, Solicitor, Notary Public and Conveyancer, Edmonton, Alberta.

C. DE LAGORGENIERE, Notary Public and Conveyancer; accounts collected. St. Albert, N. W. T. 42-y

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HOTELS.

KELLY'S RESTAURANT.—In rear of school house. Meals at all hours. Best table in town.

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FURNITURE.—Bed Steads, Sideboards, Washstands, Cupboards, Chairs, etc. Large stock, extra quality. To be sold of cheap for cash, to make room for new stock. **X. St. JEAN**.

ROSS BROS., Tinsmiths, manufacturers of all kinds of tin, sheet iron and copper wares. Shop in new building next to J. A. McDougall & Co., Main street, Edmonton.

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THE CHATHAM MANUFACTURING CO. Makers of the celebrated Chatham Farming Mills, Wagons, Buggies, Sleighs, and Cutters. Order through our agent, W. J. GRAHAM, Fairview Farm, Edmonton. Chatham Manufacturing Co.

G. A. BLAKE, Licensed Auctioneer. All auction business attended to promptly. Best values always realized. Terms moderate. Parties desiring to dispose of Real estate, live stock, or any other property will find it to their advantage to communicate with the above.

AGENCIES.

Massey Manufacturing company. Makers of the Toronto cord binder, the Toronto mower, Massey mower and harvester and Sharp's horse rake.

Sole agent for the Edmonton district, **G. A. BLAKE**, Belmont Farm.

LOCAL.

THE report of the auditor-general for the year ending June 30th 1885 is to hand and contains many items of interest, especially in connection with the transport service of last spring. The bridge at Scarlett's on the Bow river trail cost \$262, the telegraph line to Peace hills cost \$973. Supplies for the Edmonton volunteer company cost \$856. The H.B.Co. paid out at Edmonton on government account \$57,799 and at Calgary \$84,855 on which they received five per cent. commission.

At this time of year in this northern country cattle, and especially poor cattle, are liable to attacks of vermin of various kinds, and should be relieved as quickly as possible. A serious pest to horned stock is the grub of the gad fly, which is found under the skin of the back. Each grub is now nearly half an inch long and causes a considerable lump. It pierces a hole through the skin through which it finally makes its escape. No doubt the swelling caused by the growth of the grub and the boring of the skin is a very great annoyance to the animal and prevents it from thriving. Farmers would do well to examine their cattle for these grubs and squeeze them out, as can easily be done. By this being done the animal is relieved from annoyance and the grub is destroyed.

PATENTS have been received for lots in the Edmonton river survey by the Methodist missionary society for lot 4, by Jas. Rowland for lot 16, W. Rowland for lot 18 and K. Macdonald for lot 20 all on the north side of the river and according to Deane's survey, with the following exceptions: Lot 16 as originally surveyed contained 86 acres, but the patent to Mr. Rowland only covers 77, the remaining nine acres having been cut off the rear to be added to the Methodist mission claim. Lot 18 as originally surveyed contained 81 acres but Mr. Rowland's patent is only for 75½ acres, 9½ acres having been cut off the rear to be added to lot 8, D. McDougall's claim. Lot 20 as originally surveyed contained 298 acres, but Mr. Macdonald's patent only covers 269, the remaining 29 having been cut off the rear to be added to lot 8. The patent to the missionary society is 67 acres, the amount allowed by the Deane survey. The patents for lots 10, 12, and 14 are not yet forthcoming as the proprietors decline to accept the terms offered by Mr. Pearce.

A PRIVATE telegram dated Winnipeg, March 22nd, from Dr. Wilson, M. N. W. Co., says it is proposed, removing the police to Peace Hills from Edmonton, on the recommendation of the lieutenant-governor. Many of the arguments against Ft. Saskatchewan contained in the petition published last week will apply equally well to Peace Hills. Of course at Peace Hills or perhaps Battle river they could have plenty of grazing ground and would be nearer the base of some of their supplies than at Edmonton. They would be also so much nearer the force in the south in case a junction were necessary and close to a number of reserves containing from 700 to 1,000 Indians. But on the other hand the business of the police is not merely to graze their horses, but to protect life and property and to support law and order among the whites surely as much as among the Indians. A large portion of their supplies such as oats, beef, bran, straw, coal, and perhaps even wood and hay, would cost more at Peace Hills than at Edmonton, as would also the lumber and labor necessary in the construction of barracks. They would be further away from the scene of probable police duty in protecting or preserving order in the settlements around Edmonton or in quelling disturbances say at Lac la Biche; a military expedition to which place last spring cost the country some \$10,000. And at Edmonton they would be most centrally situated with regard to the Indians of northern Alberta of any place that could be chosen. Shift about as they may no place in northern Alberta possesses equal advantages with Edmonton, where both white and Indian populations centre and from which all parts of the district are easily accessible.

NOTICE—PAY UP.—All parties indebted to the undersigned are requested, to call and settle, or arrange for a settlement, of their accounts. **SANDERSON & LOOBY.**

NOTICE.—All parties indebted to Donald McLeod, farmer, formerly of Little Mountain Settlement, by note or otherwise will please call and settle with Alex. McLeod, of the same place on or before the 1st of April next.

ROYAL MAIL AND STAGE LINE making weekly trips between Calgary and Edmonton. Leaves Calgary every Thursday morning, making close connection with the train which leaves Winnipeg on the preceding Monday morning, and arrives at Edmonton on the following Monday evening. Leaves Edmonton on Thursday morning and arrives at Calgary on the following Monday. Passage \$25; 50 lbs. baggage free. Express matter addressed in care of the undersigned will be forwarded without delay, and the advance charges paid by us. Rates, 10 cts. a pound from Calgary. **LEESON & SCOTT,** mail contractors, Calgary.

LOOK OUT FOR

OUR NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

ON APRIL 3RD.

A. MACDONALD & CO'Y.

NORRIS & CAREY,

GENERAL MERCHANTS,

EDMONTON.

Begin to inform their customers that they

HAVE JUST RECEIVED

LARGE STOCK

Of General Merchandise.

MORE TO ARRIVE

In a few days, which will be sold at

BOTTOM FIGURES, FOR CASH ONLY.

CALL AND EXAMINE OUR STOCK.

NORRIS & CAREY,

St. Albert Road.

HAY FOR SALE.—Splendid quality. In Stack four miles from town, or delivered. Apply early. **GEO. A. BLAKE.**

TO WHOM IT MAY CONCERN.

Take notice that the Registry Office for the Registration District of Edmonton will be opened on Monday the 15th day of March instant and all lawful days thereafter from 10 o'clock a.m. to 4 o'clock p.m.

GEO. ROY,

Registrar of Deeds.

Edmonton, 6th March, 1886.

WATCHMAKERS.

Leave your Watches with

W. L. WOOD, ESQ.,

At the Hudson's Bay store, where they will be forwarded to McIntyre & Davidson for Repairs.

Satisfaction guaranteed.

MCINTYRE & DAVIDSON.

J. BANNERMAN,

CALGARY,

WHOLESALE & RETAIL,

FLOUR,

FEED and

PROVISION STORE.

ORDERS FROM EDMONTON Promptly attended to.

GARDEN SEEDS a Specialty.

J. BANNERMAN.

SEEDS.

If you want Selected Garden Seeds, choice Flower Seeds or any kind of Farm Seeds, you will be well pleased with your crops if you send your orders to

ROBERT EVANS & CO.,

Seed Merchants and Growers, Hamilton, Ont.

P. S.—Send to their address for their catalogue if you want seeds.

MARCH 18th, 1886.

DRY LUMBER.

D. R. FRASER & Co.

Wish to inform the public that they have on hand and for sale a large quantity of Dried Lumber, comprising Matched, Dressed, and Undressed.

Dressed Flooring, per M,	\$40.00
Undressed " "	30.00
Dressed siding	40.00
Ship Lap Siding, Dressed	35.00
" " Undressed	30.00
Stock Lumber, Undressed	25.00
Sheeting Lumber	20.00
Culls	15.00
Dimension Lumber, over 16 ft., extra	20.00
Fence Pickets, undressed, 3 ft. long,	
per 100	3.50
" dressed and pointed	4.00
Lath, per bundle of 100	.75
Shingles, per M	5.00
Spruce timber, 8 x 8, for sills, per L. ft.	.10
" 10 x 10, " "	.12½

DOORS & SASH made to order and kept on hand.

TURNING Iron or Wood.

Balusters, Newel Posts, Table Legs, etc. etc., kept on hand.

Mouldings, Wall Brads, Bases, Casings, Window Frames.

We are prepared to contract for buildings as cheap or cheaper than any other firm in the North-West.

FLOUR.

XXX Common	\$5.25
XXX Good	5.50
XXXX Common	4.00
XXXX Good	4.50
Extra Good, P. P.	5.00
Bran, per 100 lbs \$1, per ton	15.00
Shorts, per 100 lbs \$1 25, per ton	20.00
Chopped Barley per 100 lbs	2.00

Terms Cash, or its Equivalent in Grain.

D. R. FRASER & CO.



CANADA.

By the Right Honorable Sir JOHN ALEXANDER MACDONALD, G. C. B., Superintendent General of Indian Affairs.

To all to whom these presents may come, or whom the same may in anywise concern,—GREETING.

WHEREAS it is in and by the act of the Parliament of Canada, passed in the forty-seventh year of Her Majesty's Reign, chaptered twenty-seven and intitled "An Act further to amend the Indian Act, 1880," amongst other things in effect enacted, that the Superintendent-General of Indian Affairs may, when he considers it in the public interest to do so, prohibit by public notice to that effect, the sale, gift or disposal, to any Indian in the Province of Manitoba or in any part thereof, or in the North-West Territories or in any part thereof, of any fixed ammunition or ball cartridge; and every person who after such notice, without the permission in writing of the Superintendent-General, sells or gives, or in any other manner conveys to any Indian in the section of country thus prohibited any fixed ammunition or ball cartridge, shall incur a penalty of not more than two hundred dollars, or shall be liable to imprisonment for a term of not more than six months, or to both fine and imprisonment, within the limits aforesaid, at the discretion of the Court before which the conviction is had:

Now Know Ye that I, the said Right Honorable Sir John Alexander Macdonald, Superintendent-General of Indian Affairs, considering it to be in the public interest so to do, do hereby give public notice that the sale, gift or other disposal to any Indian in the North-West Territories of Canada or in any part thereof of any fixed ammunition or ball cartridge is hereby prohibited, and that every person who, after this notice, without the permission in writing of the Superintendent-General of Indian Affairs for the time being, sells or gives away, or in any other manner conveys to any Indian in the North-West territories of Canada, or in any part thereof, any fixed ammunition or ball cartridge, will incur the penalties provided by the said act.

In WITNESS whereof, I have hereunto subscribed these presents at my office, in the city of OTTAWA, this NINETEENTH day of August, A. D. 1885.

JOHN A. MACDONALD,
Superintendent-General, Indian Affairs.

NOTICE.



Claims of Half-Breeds and Original White Settlers, Province of Manitoba.

WHEREAS, since the completion of the allotment of the 1,400,000 acres of land set apart under the Manitoba Act to extinguish the Indian title of the Children of the Half-Breed heads of families resident in the Province of Manitoba, on the 15th July 1870, a large number of additional claimants have come and some are still coming forward with the evidence necessary to prove that they are children of Half-Breed heads of families and were residents in the province of Manitoba at the date mentioned.

And Whereas, the 1,400,000 acres set apart under the Manitoba Act as aforesaid have been exhausted by such allotment, and by Order in Council, dated the 20th of April, 1885 it has been decided to extinguish such additional claims known as "Supplementary Claims," by an issue of \$240.00 in scrip to each Half-Breed child entitled.

And Whereas, by the Act 37 Vic., Cap. 20, the Half-Breed heads of families resident in the said Province on the date mentioned, and the "Original White Settlers," and the children of such settlers, as defined in the said Act, are each entitled to receive scrip to the extent of \$160.00.

And Whereas, His Excellency the Governor-General in Council has deemed it expedient to limit the time within which all claims of the nature above specified may be presented; therefore

PUBLIC NOTICE is hereby given that under the authority contained in the Order in Council above mentioned, bearing date the 20th April, 1885, all claims under and by virtue of the provisions of the said order in Council, and the Act 37 Vic., Cap. 20, to "Half-Breed" and "Original White settlers" scrip that are not filed on or before the 1st day of May, 1886, with the Commissioner of Dominion Lands, together with the necessary proof thereof, shall cease and determine.

By Order: **A. M. BURGESS,**
Deputy Minister of the Interior.
Department of the Interior,
Ottawa, May 22nd, 1886.

LOCAL.

A sluiceway match between R. S. Sullivan and U. A. W. Ryan took place in the Block-head saloon on Tuesday evening last. The contest was with bare hands and without regard to the Marquis of Queensbury's rules. The result was a draw. Both combatants suffered severe internal injuries—from the amount of coffin varnish and pink-eye which they had used in preparing for the encounter. The match was to be fought to a finish at the Long Lake hotel yesterday, but the principals—following time-honored precedent—failed to connect.

J. S. Edmonton, hired with the militia department with team at \$6 a day, has had his claim reduced to \$5 a day by the claims commission, bringing the whole amount down from \$150 to \$125. It will be remembered that the alleged reason in the case of J. Cameron, who was cut down on a team from \$8 to \$6 a day was that the latter was the rate paid all over the territories. It may be remarked that all the other teamsters on the same trip received their six dollars a day; and further that his team is notoriously one of the best, if not the best, in the district, and their owner is as good as his team.

J. SMITH arrived from Calgary on Monday last. A foot of snow fell in Calgary on the night of the 12th and 13th, but it did not extend north beyond McPherson's coulee. The Bow and Red Deer are still solid. Judge Travis, I. G. Baker, Dunn & Lineham and the Presbyterian congregation have stoned out for new buildings to be erected this spring. There was quite a rush to the Banff hot springs lately. The police ordered a lot of bad characters out of town and they went to the springs. The town seal and municipal papers of Calgary are still lost and corporation business is at a standstill. The conservative club has been assured by the government of the removal of Travis. Leo Gaetz of Red Deer has gone east to bring in settlers.

The report of the auditor-general for the year ending June 30th, 1886, contains the following note: "I observe that Major W. R. Bell, a member of the transport service, who appears to have acted for Mr. Hedson in his absence, is manager of the Qu'Appelle Valley Farming Co. which drew some \$44,517 for forage and teams supplied, and that in his own name he supplied forage to the amount of \$6,652. I understand moreover that he is a member of the firm of Bell, Lewis & Co., Winnipeg, which drew \$52,744 for teaming. It is unnecessary to remind you that in all such cases a certificate by a disinterested party as to the performance of the service is indispensable." The major evidently made farming pay last season. This would have been an excellent case for Major Guy and his commission to get their work in upon, but they evidently weren't there.

MARRIAGE.

McLeod—McDonald—At the residence of the bride's father, Edmonton, on the 25th inst., by the Rev. Canon Newton, John McLeod to Flora Bella Anne McDonald.

METEOROLOGICAL.

Weather report for week ending Friday evening, March 26th, 1886. Reported for the BULLETIN by Mr. Alexander Taylor, observer at Edmonton.

	Max	Min.
Saturday	47	24
Sunday	52	25
Monday	43	24
Tuesday	31	16
Wednesday	22	3
Thursday	17	0
Friday	22	-12

Barometer rising, 28.116.

G. A. BLAKE, Licensed Auctioneer. All auction business attended to promptly. Best values always realized. Terms moderate. Parties desiring to dispose of Real estate, live stock, or any other property, will find it to their advantage to communicate with the above.

COAL & BRICK.

CONSTANTLY ON HAND,

And for sale, of the

BEST QUALITY & AT LOWEST PRICE.

WANTED.

100 CORDS WOOD,

For which the highest price will be paid in cash.

Parties may tender for the whole or any portion of the above.

W. HUMBERSTONE.

CHURCHES.

CHURCH OF ENGLAND.—Hours of Sunday service: All-Saints 11 a.m., St. Michael's 6.30 p.m. W.N.

ST. JOACHIM'S, R. C. CHURCH, Edmonton.—Mass at 10 a.m. every Sunday. Sermon in English and Cree. Afternoon services at 3 o'clock. H. GRANDIN, O.M.I.

METHODIST CHURCH OF CANADA. J. H. Howard, Pastor. Hours of service, 11 a.m. and 7.00 p.m. Sabbath school, 2.30 p.m. Prayer meeting and lecture, Wednesday evening at 7 p.m.

EDMONTON PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH.—Pastor, the Rev. Andrew B. Baird, M. A., B. D. Sabbath services at Edmonton, 11 a.m. and 7 p.m. Sabbath School at 2.30 p.m. Belmont: Feb. 7, 21, March 7, 21, April 4, 18. Sturgeon: Feb. 28, March 28, April 25. Clover Bar: Feb. 14, March 14, April 11. Ft. Saskatchewan: Feb. 7, March 7, April 4. No morning service at Edmonton on the days on which service is held at Fort Saskatchewan.

J. BANNERMAN,

CALGARY,

WHOLESALE & RETAIL,

FLOUR, FEED and PROVISION STORE.

ORDERS FROM EDMONTON Promptly attended to.

EDGARDEN SEEDS a Specialty. J. BANNERMAN.

ROSS BROS.

STOVES & TINWARE.

COAL AND WOOD COOK STOVES,

NEW JEWEL BASE BURNERS,

GLOBE HEATERS,

BOX STOVES.

GRANITE IRON-WARE.

PRESSED TINWARE,

LAMPS,

HARDWARE.

More goods to arrive shortly.

FOR SALE.

16 PERCHERON STALLIONS, 2 to 6 years old.

The Halifax Rancho Company having lately purchased a new lot of

IMPORTED, PURE-BRED PERCHERON

Stallions for their own purposes, now offer for sale some of the Old Favorites of their large stud at advantageous prices, including

"RESTLESS,"

Dapple Grey Percheron, acknowledged to be by the highest authorities one of the handsomest stallions in the country. His colts, some of which were secured as stallions at one year old, defy competition.

"BRILLIANT,"

Dark Grey (5 years), three parts thoroughbred Percheron; a particularly fine animal, with pure symmetrical form and splendid action. His colts, some of which are now on the rancho, have but to be seen to be admired.

Also fourteen colts two and three years, half, three-quarter and pure bred Percheron, some lately imported from Oaklawn Stud Farm, and taken altogether the finest and most promising lot of young stallions ever offered for sale in the west.

For full particulars, etc., apply to

THE HALIFAX RANCHO CO.

Elbow Park, Calgary, Alberta.

LOOK OUT FOR

FOUR NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

ON APRIL 3RD.

A. MACDONALD & CO'Y.

NORRIS & CAREY,

GENERAL MERCHANTS,

EDMONTON.

Begin to inform their customers that they

HAVE JUST RECEIVED

LARGE STOCK

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MORE TO ARRIVE

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By Order, A. M. BURGESS, Deputy Minister of the Interior, Department of the Interior, Ottawa, May 29th, 1886.